

Study Guide Test 7

Important Names

Booker T. Washington - founder of the Tuskegee Institute

George Washington Carver - an American who chose to help the farmers of the South by teaching them better ways to farm. He is noted for his many experiments with plants.

Authors

Laura Ingalls Wilder - author of "The Little House" books for children

Billy Sunday - a famous evangelist who left a promising career with the Chicago White Stockings to win millions of people to Christ.

Important Words

raiders - men who made surprise attacks on others

crochet - to make needlework by looping stitches with thread and a hooked needle

etch - to scratch a design

agriculture - the study of the soil and of growing plants and animals

prairie schooner - a wagon covered by canvas used by pioneers for traveling west

autobiography - the true story of a person's life written by that person himself

biography - the true story of a person's life written by another person

evangelist - a preacher of the Bible who emphasizes that salvation can be found only through the Lord Jesus Christ.

liquor - an alcoholic beverage

orphanage - a home where orphans live

Important Places

Malden, West Virginia - the town to which Booker's family traveled after the Civil War

Hampton Institute - the school in Virginia which Booker attended

Tuskegee, Alabama - the town which asked for a man to begin a school for black students

Diamond Grove, Missouri - birthplace of George Washington Carver

Neosho, Missouri - the town in which George first went to school

Iowa State University - the college where George studied and received his master's degree

Comprehension Checks

1. Sunday was the best day of the week to Booker because it was the only day he got to eat molasses.
2. Tom and his step sons worked in salt mines. Their barrel number was eighteen.
3. The first book Booker held in his hands was Noah Webster's Blue-backed Speller.
4. Booker was most nervous about not having a last name on the first day of school.
5. The teachers at Hampton taught Booker how to use his Bible.

6. Mr. Washington made his students grow their own crops, make their own bricks, and build their own buildings to learn to help others and to find jobs.
7. "The happiest people are the ones who do the most for others," Mr. Washington said.
8. Young George liked to study plants most of all when he went to his secret place in the woods.
9. George earned money to put himself through school by doing laundry.
10. Booker T. Washington wrote to George to ask him to come to Tuskegee.
11. George found hundreds of uses for the sweet potato and peanut plants.
12. George helped the Southern farmers by telling them to rotate crops and by finding uses for those crops.
13. George always asked for God's help when he wanted to find a plan for a plant.

14. Scarlet fever caused Mary Ingalls to go blind.
15. Laura's very first doll was made out of a corn cob.
16. Laura promised Mary she would be her eye's.
17. Laura began teaching school when she was fifteen.
18. Laura Ingalls married Almanzo Wilder.
19. Billy Sunday was born during the Civil War.
20. Billy Sunday and his brother were sent to an orphanage because their mom did not have enough money to give them food or a good education.
21. Billy was asked to join the Chicago White Stockings.
22. Billy Sunday's workers built tabernacles because they needed a building big enough to hold all the people that wanted to hear Billy speak.
23. "Hitting the sawdust trail" meant walking up the sawdust covered aisles to get saved.

24. Billy Sunday did not have an easy life as a child.
25. Billy Sunday had many jobs before he joined baseball.
26. Billy Sunday organized a nursery so that mothers could attend his meetings.
27. The one evil Billy spoke against most was drinking liquor.
28. After Billy Sunday held his meeting in a town, life usually changed for the better. Many bars went out of business. Thousands of people were won for Christ. Fewer people lost their jobs. There were fewer factory accidents and work production increased. Crime in neighborhoods decreased. Families stayed together instead of separating.
29. Homer Rodeheaver was Billy's song leader.